

## **Policy for determination of Materiality of Events and Information**

### **I. PREAMBLE**

Regulation 30 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended **(the “SEBI Listing Regulations”)** mandates disclosure of any events or information which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company **(the “Board”)**, is material. Regulation 30(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations requires the Company to frame a policy for determination of materiality of events or information for disclosure, based on the criteria specified therein. Accordingly, Regal Enterprises Limited **(the “Company”)** has formulated this policy (“Policy”) in relation to determination of materiality of events or information for disclosure.

### **II. SCOPE**

This Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events and Information is aimed at providing guidelines to the management of the Company to determine the materiality of events or information, which could affect investment decisions and ensure timely and adequate dissemination of information to the Stock Exchange(s).

Regulation 30 of the Regulations mandates disclosure of all deemed material events to the Stock Exchanges.

These events have been specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of SEBI Listing Regulations and shall be disclosed as applicable from time-to-time. These events have been given in Annexure I.

For disclosure of certain events as specified in Para B and Para C of Part A of Schedule III to the Stock Exchanges the following criteria shall be considered by the Board for determining whether the events are material or not.

Where the omission of an event or information:

1. Is likely to result in Discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly  
Or
2. is likely to result in a significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date.  
Or
3. whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:

(1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity;

(2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;

(3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity;

4. In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of the listed entity, the event or information is considered material:

Provided that any continuing event or information which becomes material pursuant to notification of these amendment in SEBI Listing Regulations shall be disclosed by the listed entity within thirty days from the date of coming into effect of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023.

For disclosure of certain events as specified in Para B and Para C of Part A of Schedule III to the Stock Exchanges the following criteria shall be considered by the Board for determining whether the events are material or not.

Where it would be difficult to report the events based on qualitative criteria as stated above, the same may be considered material for disclosure, upon meeting other criteria at the discretion of Key Managerial Personnel, authorized by the Board.

This Policy shall also apply to the events to which neither Para A or Para B or Para C of Part A of Schedule III applies but have a material effect on the Company.

### **III. PURPOSE**

The purpose of the policy is to facilitate the following:

1. To define the materiality threshold for disclosure of events and information specified in Para B and Para C of Part A of Schedule III of SEBI Listing Regulations and help in identification of events and information for disclosure to the stock exchange(s);
2. To make required disclosures within the stipulated time of actual occurrence of an event or information, after ascertaining facts;
3. To define events that are not specified in Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 but shall have a material effect on the operations of the Company;
4. To disclose material events or information with respect to the subsidiaries of the Company.

5. To identify such information/events, which is material, in the opinion of the Board;
6. Roles and Responsibilities of certain identified key managerial personnel/ designated a person at each plant for determining materiality of an event or information and making disclosure to the relevant stock exchange.

#### **IV. DEFINITION**

- 1.“Act” shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof
- 2.“Board of Directors” or “Board” means Board of the Directors of the Company
- 3.“Key Managerial Personnel” mean key managerial personnel as defined in sub-section (51) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- 4.“Material Event” or “Material Information” shall mean such event or information as set out in the Schedule or as may be determined in terms of this Policy. In the Policy, the words, “material” and “materiality” shall be construed accordingly.
- 5.“Officer” means any director, manager or key managerial personnel or any person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the Board of Directors are accustomed to act and shall also include promoter of the Company.
- 6.“Policy” means this Policy on Determination of Materiality of events and information and as may be amended from time to time.
- 7.“Regulations” mean Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof
- 8.“Schedule” means a Schedule III of (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Any other term not defined herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Agreement, SEBI Listing Regulations or any other applicable law or regulation to the extent applicable to the Company.

#### **V. AUTHORIZATION FOR DISCLOSURES**

The following Key Managerial Personnel (“KMP”) of the Company are authorized by the Board for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and for the purpose of making disclosures to the Stock Exchanges. The KMP’s may also seek external legal advice in case of any ambiguity/clarification:

1. Chairman

2. Managing Director

3. Chief Financial Officer

4. Company Secretary and Compliance Officer;

The Compliance Officer shall be responsible for making disclosures to the Stock Exchanges. The contact details of the Compliance Officer shall be made available to the Stock Exchanges and shall also be available on the website of the Company.

## **VI. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS / INFORMATION**

The above KMP shall frame their opinion on case to case basis, based on specific facts and circumstances relating to materiality of the information / event.

The information/ events specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of SEBI Listing Regulations shall be disclosed to the stock exchange without any application of guideline for materiality.

The events or information specified in Para B and Para C of Part A of Schedule III of SEBI Listing Regulations described in Annexure II, shall be disclosed as per the threshold mentioned in **Annexure II**.

Additionally, the Key Managerial Personnel may consider the below guidelines for determining materiality of event/information on which Para A or Para B or Para C of Part A of Schedule III not applies but have a material effect on the Company.

- i) The omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly;
- ii) The event or information is in any manner unpublished price sensitive information; or the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date;
- iii) The consideration involved in the transaction as a percentage of the consolidated turnover, net worth or profit;
- iv) The transaction is not in the ordinary course of business;
- v) The transaction represents a significant shift from the Company's strategy;
- vi) Any other event/information which is treated as being material in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company.

## **VII. DISCLOSURES OF EVENTS AND INFORMATION**

Event and Information specified in Part A of Schedule III shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchange by the Company as soon as reasonably possible and not later than 12/24 hours from the occurrence of the event. In case of the disclosure is made after 12/24 hours of occurrence of such event or information, the Company shall along with the disclosures provide an explanation for delay of the same.

In some cases, there may be ambiguity as to when an event/information can be said to have occurred. In certain cases, it would depend upon the stage of discussion, negotiation or approval. The events/ information can be said to have occurred upon receipt of approval of Board of Directors and/or Shareholders or actual signing of the agreement after receiving the above said approvals.

In cases where there is no such discussion, negotiation or approval required viz. in case of natural calamities, disruptions etc., the answer to the above question would depend upon the timing when the listed entity became aware of the event/ information.

The events/information can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of the events/information, or as soon as, an officer of the Company has, or ought to have reasonably come into possession of the information in the course of the performance of his duties.

## **VIII. DISCLOSURE PROCESS**

Any event purported to be reportable under Regulation 30 of the Regulations shall be informed to the Key Managerial Personnel authorized by the Board, as defined above, on an immediate basis with supporting data/information to facilitate a prompt and appropriate disclosure. Any other event, even if not covered under the Regulations but is potentially of price sensitive nature, must also be informed, for further evaluation of KMPs.

The KMP authorized by the Board, shall severally be responsible and authorized for ascertaining the materiality of events considering its nature and its disclosure after taking into consideration the various provisions of SEB Listing Regulations and this policy.

After evaluation, the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer in his absence any one of the KMPs shall make disclosure to the Stock Exchanges.

The Company shall use the electronic facilities provided by the Stock Exchanges for dissemination of the information and may subsequently disclose the same via other media, including the press release, website, etc.

Statutory timeframes for disclosure shall be adhered to. Delay, if any, should be sufficiently explained along with the disclosure.

Regular updates, where relevant, shall be made with relevant explanations.

## **DISCLOSURE**

This Policy shall be disclosed on the website of the Company i.e. [www.regalenterpriseslimited.com](http://www.regalenterpriseslimited.com). The Company shall also disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to the relevant stock exchange under this Policy, and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the Company for a minimum period of five years and, thereafter, as per the archival policy of the Company.

## **MODIFICATION OF THE POLICY**

This Policy is framed based on the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and has been modified in the Board meeting of the Company held on 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2025 in accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2022 and in case of any subsequent amendments to SEBI Listing Regulations which makes any of the provisions in the Policy inconsistent, the provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations shall prevail. This Policy shall be subject to review, if necessary. Any change/amendments in applicable laws with regard to Policy for Determination of Materiality shall be deemed to be covered in this Policy without any review. Any change/amendments to this policy shall be approved by the Board of Directors.

## **ANNEXURE-I**

### **EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED WITHOUT ANY APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY AS SPECIFIED IN SUB-REGULATION (4) OF REGULATION (30)**

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation, merger, demerger or restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the listed entity, sale of stake in associate company of the listed entity or any other restructuring.

Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean-

(i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or

(ii) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that –

(a) the listed entity holds shares or voting rights aggregating to twenty per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or

(b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-paragraph and such change exceeds five per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or

(c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30

Provided that acquisition of shares or voting rights aggregating to five percent or more of the shares or voting rights in an unlisted company and any change in holding from the last disclosure made under this proviso exceeding two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said unlisted company shall be disclosed on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “sale or disposal of subsidiary” and “sale of stake in associate company” shall include-

(i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or

(ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “undertaking” and “substantially the whole of the undertaking” shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.

3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).

4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The listed entity shall disclose to the Exchange(s) the outcome of meetings of the board of directors held to consider the following:

a) dividends recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;

b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;

c) the decision on buyback of securities;

d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken including by way of issue of securities (excluding security receipts, securitized debt instruments or money market instruments regulated by the Reserve Bank of India), through further public offer, rights issue, American Depositary Receipts/ Global Depositary Receipts/ Foreign Currency, Convertible Bonds, qualified institutions placement, debt issue, preferential issue or any other method;

e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;

f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;

g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;

h) financial results;

i) decision on voluntary delisting by the listed entity from stock exchange(s):

5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the listed entity), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are



binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.

(5A) Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the listed entity is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

6. Fraud or defaults by a listed entity, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the listed entity, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

(i) ‘Fraud’ shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.

(ii) ‘Default’ shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.

Explanation 3 – Fraud by senior management, other than who is promoter, director or key managerial personnel, shall be required to be disclosed only if it is in relation to the listed entity.

7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.

(7A) In case of resignation of the auditor of the listed entity, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.

(7B) Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the listed entity, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the listed entities:

i. The letter of resignation along with] detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.

(ia). Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.

ii. The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.

iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii)] above.

(7C) In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.

(7D) In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the listed entity was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).

8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.

9. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:

- (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
- (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
- (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
- (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;
- (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders.].

10. One time settlement with a bank.

11. winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors.

12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the listed entity.

13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the listed entity.

14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of listed entity, in brief.

15 (a) (i) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet)

(ii) Presentations prepared by the listed entity for analysts or institutional investors meet, post earnings or quarterly calls shall be disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges prior to beginning of such events.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

Explanation II: Disclosure of names in the schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet shall be optional for the listed entity.

(b) Audio recordings, video recordings, if any, and transcripts of post earnings or quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, in the following manner:

(i) The audio recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;

(ii) the video recordings, if any, shall be made available on the website within forty-eight hours from the conclusion of such calls;

(iii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website along with simultaneous submission to recognized stock exchanges within five working days of the conclusion of such calls.] {16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code:

a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;

b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default;

c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;

d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;

e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;

g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;

h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;

j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;

k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;

l) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:

(i) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;

(ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;

(iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;

(iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;

(v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;

(vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;

(vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;

(viii) Impact on the investor – revised P/E, ROWN ratios etc.;

(ix) Names of the new promoters, key managerial personnel, if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;

(x) Brief description of business strategy.

m) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.

n) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the MPS;

o) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;

p) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.

17. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by listed entities:

a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along-with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;

b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the listed entity along with comments of the management, if any.

Explanation – For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, forensic audit refers to the audits, by whatever name called, which are initiated with the objective of detecting any mis-statement in financial statements, mis-appropriation, siphoning or diversion of funds and does not include audit of matters such as product quality control practices, manufacturing practices, recruitment practices, supply chain process including procurement or other similar matters that would not require any revision to the financial statements disclosed by the listed entity.

18. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, in relation to any event or information which is material for the listed entity in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the listed entity.

Explanation – “social media intermediaries” shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.

19. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

(a) search or seizure; or

(b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or

(c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013;

along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:

i. name of the authority;

ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;

iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;

iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;

v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

20. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

(a) suspension;

(b) imposition of fine or penalty;

(c) settlement of proceedings;

(d) debarment;

(e) disqualification;

(f) closure of operations;

(g) sanctions imposed;

(h) warning or caution; or

(i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called;

along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) taken or orders passed:

i. name of the authority;

ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken or order(s) passed;

iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;

iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;

v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

Explanation – Imposition of fine or penalty shall be disclosed in the following manner along with the details pertaining to the action(s) taken or orders passed as mentioned in the sub-paragraph:

(i) disclosure of fine or penalty of rupees one lakh or more imposed by sectoral regulator or enforcement agency and fine or penalty of rupees ten lakhs or more imposed by other authority or judicial body shall be disclosed within twenty four hours.

(ii) disclosure of fine or penalty imposed which are lower than the monetary thresholds specified in the clause (i) above on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.] 21. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the listed entity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## **ANNEXURE-II**

### **EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED UPON APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY REFERRED SUB-REGULATION (4) OF REGULATION (30)**

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division.
2. Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:
  - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
  - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
  - (c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).
3. Capacity addition or product launch.
4. Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.
5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the listed entity due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the listed entity.
8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity.
9. Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.
10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party.
12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.



13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.

C. Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the listed entity which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the listed entity to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.

D. Without prejudice to the generality of para (A), (B) and (C) above, the listed entity may make disclosures of event/information as specified by the Board from time to time.